EXHIBIT D



RESOLUTION CALLING FOR THE CSU TO INCLUDE CASTE IN ANTI-DISCRIMINATORY POLICY

WHEREAS: the California State Student Association (CSSA) is the single recognized

voice for over 487,000 students of the California State University (CSU)

system; and

WHEREAS: Caste is a structure of oppression that affects over 1 billion people across the

world based in birth that determines social status and assigns "spiritual

purity"; 1 and

WHEREAS: There are four main caste groups: Brahmins, Kshatriyas, Vaishyas, and

Shudras, and those outside the caste system entirely, with lower caste Shudras and those outside the caste system, known as Dalits meaning "broken but resilient" and formerly known as "untouchables", considered

oppressed by caste; and

WHEREAS: Caste-oppressed groups continue to experience profound injustices

including socioeconomic inequalities, usurpation of their land, rights, and

experience brutal violence at the hands of the "upper" Castes; and

WHEREAS: 25 percent of Dalits who responded to a survey, of 1,200 respondents,

executed by Equality Labs reported facing verbal or physical assault based

on their caste in the United States; and²

WHEREAS: One in three Dalit students report being discriminated against during their

education in the United States; and³

WHEREAS: Two out of three Dalits surveyed reported being treated unfairly at their

workplace in the United States; and⁴

WHEREAS: 60 percent of Dalits report experiencing caste-based derogatory jokes or

comments in the United States; and⁵

WHEREAS: 20 percent of Dalit respondents report feeling discriminated at a place of

business because of their caste in the United States; and⁶

¹ https://www.equalitylabs.org/castesurvey

² Ibid

³ Ibid

⁴ Ibid

⁵ Ibid

⁶ Ibid

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WHEREAS:

All of these inequalities associated with caste status have become embedded in all of the major South Asian American institutions and they extend into American mainstream institutions that have significant South Asian immigrant populations, with some of the caste social locators being last names, whether a family eats meat, whether they own land in their country of origin, who they want to marry or be in romantic relationships with, and whether they are allowed to be out in their place of worship and community; and⁷

WHEREAS:

In a Caste in America series it was stated, "Caste-based discrimination often appears in higher education institutions, according to a report published last year by Equality Labs, a Dalit research organization"⁸; and

WHEREAS:

The series also noted, "Overall, students from India represent the second-largest group of international students in the US But universities are just beginning to address caste dynamics among its student population"; and

WHEREAS:

In the last decade alone, numerous incidents of caste-based discrimination and suicides of Dalit students have been reported on the campuses across the country¹⁰; and

WHEREAS:

This resolution would be an important first step to addressing campus Castebased discrimination since, "there is scarcely any research on the changed demographic [growing population of lower caste students on college campuses] in higher education and its implications on students and the campus climate" 11; and

WHEREAS:

Lack of Caste-based Anti-Discrimination Policies make it difficult to find data of student's facing Caste-based discrimination since there is no policy to categories the discrimination; and

WHEREAS:

The CSU, "Strives to be free of all forms of Discrimination, including Harassment, because of any Protected Status: i.e., age, Disability (physical and mental), Gender (or sex), Gender Identity (including transgender), Gender Expression, Genetic Information, Marital Status, Medical Condition, Nationality, Race or Ethnicity (including color or ancestry), Religion (or Religious Creed), Sexual Orientation, sex stereotype, and Veteran or Military Status"; and ¹²

 $^{^7}https://static1.squarespace.com/static/58347d04bebafbb1e66df84c/t/5d9b4f9afbaef569c0a5c132/1570459664518/Caste_report_2018.pdf$

⁸ https://www.pri.org/stories/2019-03-08/caste-discrimination-exists-college-campuses-some-schools-are-trying-change?amp:

⁹ https://www.pri.org/stories/2019-03-08/caste-discrimination-exists-college-campuses-some-schools-are-trying-change?amp:

¹⁰ https://journals.sagepub.com/doi/abs/10.1177/2394481119900838

¹¹https://journals.sagepub.com/doi/abs/10.1177/2394481119900838

¹² https://calstate.policystat.com/policy/8453516/latest/

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WHEREAS: However, current CSU policy prohibiting discrimination includes many of

the identities intertwined with caste, but does not protect from caste-based

discrimination specifically; and ¹³

WHEREAS: Caste discrimination has long been overlooked by American institutions,

with almost all institutions in the United States failing to protect caste oppressed people, highlighted most recently by the state of California's ongoing lawsuit against Cisco regarding caste discrimination in the

workplace; and 14

WHEREAS: Brandeis University was the first US university to ban caste-based

discrimination¹⁵, understanding that "caste identity is so intertwined with many of the legally recognized and protected characteristics, discrimination

based on a person's caste is effectively the same" 1600 and

WHEREAS: In addition to Brandeis University, the University of California, Berkeley,

and Harvard University have begun to explore caste issues on their

campuses¹⁷; and

WHEREAS: The addition of caste within the anti-discrimination policy will make the

California State University's in compliance with the recommendations of

Equality Labs, an international human rights organization; and

WHEREAS: The addition of caste within the anti-discrimination policy will reaffirm and

add to the CSU's commitment to diversity, equity and support for those

most systemically marginalized; and therefore be it

RESOLVED: That CSSA commits to advocating for the addition of caste in anti-

discrimination policy moving forward through conversations with the

Chancellor's Office that include students; and be it further

RESOLVED: That CSSA calls upon the CSU Board of Trustees to implement an addition

of caste in the CSU anti-discrimination policy on, or before, the June 18th

CSU Board of Trustees meeting; and be it further

RESOLVED: This addition of caste as a protected category should be paired with

assurance that staff working in the Title IX office are given resources to learn and better understand what caste is, such as the report on "Caste in the

United States" from Equality Labs 18; and be it finally

¹³ Ibid

 $^{^{14}\,}https://www.npr.org/2020/10/12/922936053/california-workplace-discrimination-system-sheds-light-on-caste-system$

 $^{^{15}\,}https://www.insightintodiversity.com/brande is-becomes-first-us-university-to-ban-caste-based-discrimination/$

¹⁶ https://www.insidehighered.com/news/2019/12/20/university-adds-caste-nondiscrimination-policy

¹⁷ https://www.pri.org/stories/2019-03-08/caste-discrimination-exists-college-campuses-some-schools-are-trying-change

¹⁸ https://www.equalitylabs.org/castesurvey

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RESOLVED: The California State Student Association will make this document public

and will forward this resolution to all affected parties including all 23 CSU Presidents, CSU Board of Trustees, Chancellor Joseph I. Castro, Academic

Senate of the CSU, The California Faculty Association.